

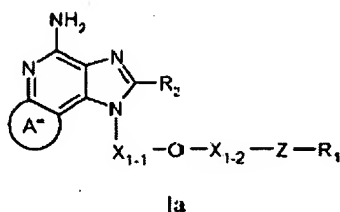
### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the Application:

#### Listing of Claims

1. (Canceled)

2. (Currently amended) A compound of the Formula Ia:



wherein:

$X_{1-1}$  and  $X_{1-2}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_{1-10}$  alkylene,  $C_{4-10}$  alkenylene, and  $C_{4-10}$  alkynylene; wherein the terminal carbon atoms of alkenylene and alkynylene are tetrahedral;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -S-, -S(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

$R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of:

- $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,
- $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl,
- $C_{2-10}$  alkynyl,
- aryl,
- aryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- aryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- $C_{1-10}$  alkylarylenyl,
- heteroaryl,
- heteroaryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- heteroaryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,

C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl,  
heterocyclyl,  
heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, and  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
aryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl,  
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, heteroaryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl  
substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group  
consisting of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, hydroxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl,  
halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, cyano, aryl, aryloxy,  
heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyl, amino, .  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl)amino, and in the case of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl,  
C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo; wherein heteroaryl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl are attached to Z through a carbon  
atom;

A" is a fused benzene ring, aryl ring or heteroaryl ring containing one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N and S, wherein the aryl or heteroaryl ring wherein the benzene ring is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more R groups, or

A" is a fused cyclohexene ring, wherein the ring is fully saturated except for the bond where the ring is fused, 5 to 7 membered saturated ring, optionally containing one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N and S, and wherein the cyclohexene ring is unsubstituted or  
substituted by one or more R<sub>A</sub> groups;

each R is independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, fluoro, and trifluoromethyl;

each R<sub>A</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, alkyl, alkenyl, haloalkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, and -N(R<sub>9</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

-R<sub>4</sub>,

-X-R<sub>4</sub>,

-X-Y-R<sub>4</sub>, and

-X-R<sub>5</sub>;

X is selected from the group consisting of alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, arylene, heteroarylene, and heterocyclylene wherein the alkylene, alkenylene, and alkynylene groups can be optionally interrupted or terminated with arylene, heteroarylene, or heterocyclylene, and optionally interrupted by one or more -O- groups;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

-O-,

-S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-,

-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,

-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-,

-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-,

-O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-,

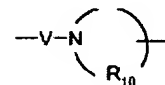
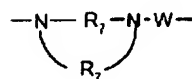
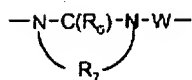
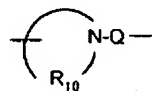
-O-C(O)-O-,

-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-Q-,

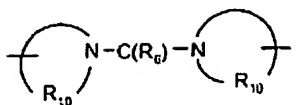
-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,

-O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,

-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-,

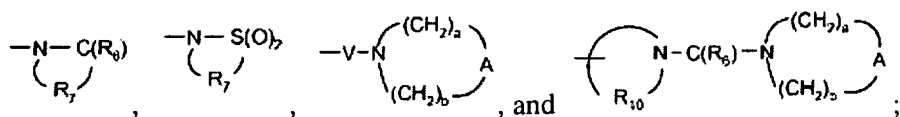


, and



$\text{R}_4$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl wherein the alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl groups can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, mercapto, cyano, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyleneoxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylalkyleneoxy, heterocyclyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, (dialkylamino)alkyleneoxy, and in the case of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo;

$\text{R}_5$  is selected from the group consisting of:



$\text{R}_6$  is selected from the group consisting of =O and =S;

$\text{R}_7$  is  $\text{C}_{2-7}$  alkylene;

$\text{R}_8$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkylenyl, and arylalkylenyl;

$\text{R}_9$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

$\text{R}_{10}$  is  $\text{C}_{3-8}$  alkylene;

A is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -C(O)-, -S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -N(R<sub>4</sub>)-;

Q is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-W-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-, and -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-;

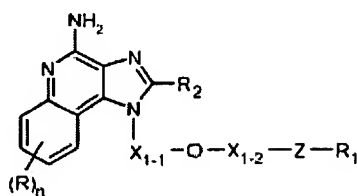
V is selected from the group consisting of -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -N(R<sub>8</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

W is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-; and

a and b are independently integers from 1 to 6 with the proviso that  $a + b \leq 7$ ; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

3. (Canceled)

4. (Original) A compound of the Formula IIa:



IIa

wherein:

$X_{1-1}$  and  $X_{1-2}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_{1-10}$  alkylene,  $C_{4-10}$  alkenylene, and  $C_{4-10}$  alkynylene; wherein the terminal carbon atoms of alkenylene and alkynylene are tetrahedral;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -S-, -S(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

$R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of:

- $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,
- $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl,
- $C_{2-10}$  alkynyl,
- aryl,
- aryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- aryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- $C_{1-10}$  alkylarylenyl,
- heteroaryl,
- heteroaryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- heteroaryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- $C_{1-10}$  alkylheteroarylenyl,
- heterocyclyl,

heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, and  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
aryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl,  
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, heteroaryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl  
substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group  
consisting of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, hydroxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl,  
halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, cyano, aryl, aryloxy,  
heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyl, amino,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl)amino, and in the case of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl,  
C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo; wherein heteroaryl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl are attached to Z through a carbon  
atom;

R is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, fluoro, and  
trifluoromethyl;

n is 0 to 4;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

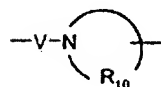
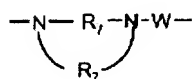
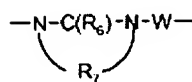
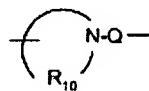
-R<sub>4</sub>,  
-X-R<sub>4</sub>,  
-X-Y-R<sub>4</sub>, and  
-X-R<sub>5</sub>;

X is selected from the group consisting of alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, arylene,  
heteroarylene, and heterocyclylene wherein the alkylene, alkenylene, and alkynylene groups can be  
optionally interrupted or terminated with arylene, heteroarylene, or heterocyclylene, and optionally  
interrupted by one or more -O- groups;

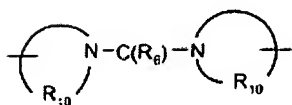
Y is selected from the group consisting of:

-O-,  
-S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-,  
-S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,

$-C(R_6)-$ ,  
 $-C(R_6)-O-$ ,  
 $-O-C(R_6)-$ ,  
 $-O-C(O)-O-$ ,  
 $-N(R_8)-Q-$ ,  
 $-C(R_6)-N(R_8)-$ ,  
 $-O-C(R_6)-N(R_8)-$ ,  
 $-C(R_6)-N(OR_9)-$ ,



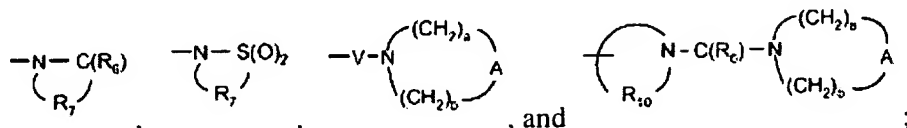
, and



$R_4$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl wherein the alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl groups can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, mercapto, cyano, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyleneoxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylalkyleneoxy, heterocyclyl, amino,

alkylamino, dialkylamino, (dialkylamino)alkyleneoxy, and in the case of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo;

$R_5$  is selected from the group consisting of:



$R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of =O and =S;

$R_7$  is  $C_{2-7}$  alkylene;

$R_8$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkylenyl, and arylalkylenyl;

$R_9$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

$R_{10}$  is  $C_{3-8}$  alkylene;

A is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -C(O)-, -S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -N(R<sub>4</sub>)-;

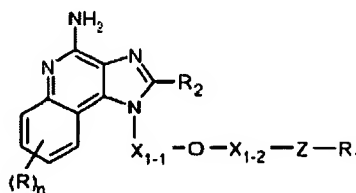
Q is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-W-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-, and -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-;

V is selected from the group consisting of -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -N(R<sub>8</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>;

W is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-; and

a and b are independently integers from 1 to 6 with the proviso that a + b is  $\leq 7$ ; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5. (Original) A compound of the Formula IIa:



IIa

wherein:

$X_{1.1}$  and  $X_{1.2}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of



C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylene, C<sub>4-10</sub> alkenylene, and C<sub>4-10</sub> alkynylene; wherein the terminal carbon atoms of alkenylene and alkynylene are tetrahedral;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -S-, -S(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl,  
C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl,  
C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl,  
aryl,  
aryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
aryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylarylenyl,  
heteroaryl,  
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
heteroaryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl,  
heterocyclyl,  
heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, and  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
aryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl,  
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, heteroaryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl  
substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group  
consisting of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, hydroxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl,  
halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, cyano, aryl, aryloxy,  
heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyl, amino,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl)amino, and in the case of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl,  
C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo; wherein heteroaryl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl are attached to Z through a carbon  
atom;

R is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxy, fluoro, and trifluoromethyl;

n is 0 to 4;

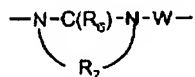
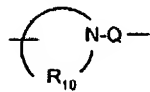
R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

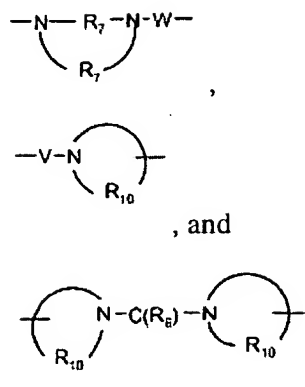
- R<sub>4</sub>,
- X-R<sub>4</sub>,
- X-Y-R<sub>4</sub>, and
- X-R<sub>5</sub>;

X is selected from the group consisting of alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, arylene, heteroarylene, and heterocyclylene wherein the alkylene, alkenylene, and alkynylene groups can be optionally interrupted or terminated with arylene, heteroarylene, or heterocyclylene, and optionally interrupted by one or more -O- groups;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

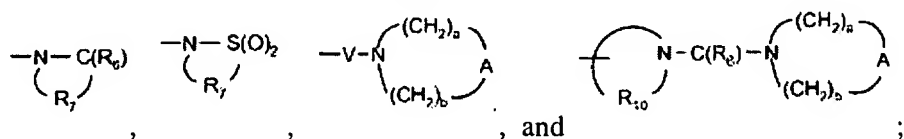
- S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-,
- S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,
- C(R<sub>6</sub>)-,
- C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-,
- O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-,
- O-C(O)-O-,
- N(R<sub>8</sub>)-Q-,
- C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,
- O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,
- C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-,





R<sub>4</sub> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl wherein the alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl groups can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, mercapto, cyano, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyleneoxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylalkyleneoxy, heterocyclyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, (dialkylamino)alkyleneoxy, and in the case of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo;

R<sub>5</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:



R<sub>6</sub> is selected from the group consisting of =O and =S;

R<sub>7</sub> is C<sub>2-7</sub> alkylene;

R<sub>8</sub> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkylenyl, and arylalkylenyl;

R<sub>9</sub> is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

R<sub>10</sub> is C<sub>3-8</sub> alkylene;

A is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -C(O)-, -S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -N(R<sub>4</sub>)-;

Q is selected from the group consisting of a bond,  $-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-$ ,  $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-\text{N}(\text{R}_8)-\text{W}-$ ,  $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-\text{N}(\text{R}_8)-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-\text{O}-$ , and  $-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-\text{N}(\text{OR}_9)-$ ;

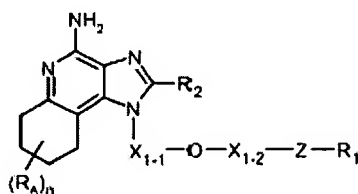
V is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-$ ,  $-\text{O}-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-$ ,  $-\text{N}(\text{R}_8)-\text{C}(\text{R}_6)-$ , and  $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$ ;

W is selected from the group consisting of a bond,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ , and  $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$ ; and

a and b are independently integers from 1 to 6 with the proviso that  $a + b$  is  $\leq 7$ ; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Currently amended) A compound of the Formula ~~formula~~ IIIa:



IIIa

wherein:

$\text{X}_{1,1}$  and  $\text{X}_{1,2}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkylene,  $\text{C}_{4-10}$  alkenylene, and  $\text{C}_{4-10}$  alkynylene; wherein the terminal carbon atoms of alkenylene and alkynylene are tetrahedral;

Z is selected from the group consisting of  $-\text{S}-$ ,  $-\text{S}(\text{O})-$ , and  $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2-$ ;

$\text{R}_1$  is selected from the group consisting of:

- $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkyl,
- $\text{C}_{2-10}$  alkenyl,
- $\text{C}_{2-10}$  alkynyl,
- aryl,
- aryl- $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- aryloxy- $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,
- $\text{C}_{1-10}$  alkylarylenyl,

heteroaryl,  
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
heteroaryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl,  
heterocyclyl,  
heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, and  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
aryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl,  
heteroaryl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl, heteroaryloxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl  
substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group  
consisting of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, hydroxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl,  
halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, cyano, aryl, aryloxy,  
heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyl, amino,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl)amino, and in the case of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl,  
C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo; wherein heteroaryl,  
C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl are attached to Z through a carbon  
atom;

R<sub>A</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

halogen,  
hydroxy,  
alkyl,  
alkenyl,  
haloalkyl,  
alkoxy,  
alkylthio, and  
-N(R<sub>9</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

n is 0 to 4;

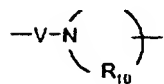
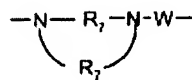
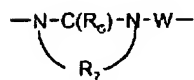
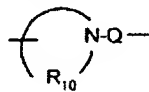
R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

-R<sub>4</sub>,  
 -X-R<sub>4</sub>,  
 -X-Y-R<sub>4</sub>, and  
 -X-R<sub>5</sub>;

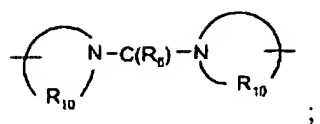
X is selected from the group consisting of alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, arylene, heteroarylene, and heterocyclylene wherein the alkylene, alkenylene, and alkynylene groups can be optionally interrupted or terminated with arylene, heteroarylene, or heterocyclylene, and optionally interrupted by one or more -O- groups;

Y is selected from the group consisting of:

-O-,  
 -S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-,  
 -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,  
 -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-,  
 -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-,  
 -O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-,  
 -O-C(O)-O-,  
 -N(R<sub>8</sub>)-Q-,  
 -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,  
 -O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-,  
 -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-,

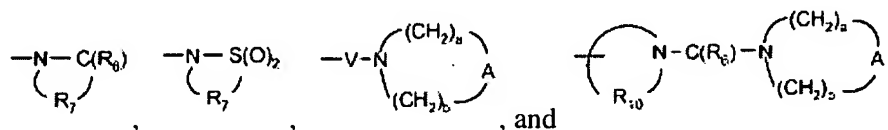


, and



$\text{R}_4$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl wherein the alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl groups can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, mercapto, cyano, aryl, aryloxy, arylalkyleneoxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylalkyleneoxy, heterocyclyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, (dialkylamino)alkyleneoxy, and in the case of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo;

$\text{R}_5$  is selected from the group consisting of:



$\text{R}_6$  is selected from the group consisting of =O and =S;

$\text{R}_7$  is  $\text{C}_{2-7}$  alkylene;

$\text{R}_8$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkylenyl, and arylalkylenyl;

$\text{R}_9$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

$\text{R}_{10}$  is  $\text{C}_{3-8}$  alkylene;

A is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -C(O)-, -S(O)<sub>0.2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -N(R<sub>4</sub>)-

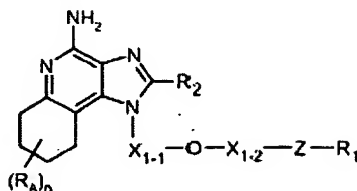
Q is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-W-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-, and -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-

V is selected from the group consisting of -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -N(R<sub>8</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

W is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-; and

a and b are independently integers from 1 to 6 with the proviso that a + b is ≤ 7; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

8. (Original) A compound of the Formula IIIa:



IIIa

wherein:

$X_{1-1}$  and  $X_{1-2}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $C_{1-10}$  alkylene,  $C_{4-10}$  alkenylene, and  $C_{4-10}$  alkynylene; wherein the terminal carbon atoms of alkenylene and alkynylene are tetrahedral;

Z is selected from the group consisting of -S-, -S(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

$R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of:

$C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  
 $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl,  
 $C_{2-10}$  alkynyl,  
 aryl,  
 aryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,  
 aryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,  
 $C_{1-10}$  alkylarylenyl,  
 heteroaryl,  
 heteroaryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,  
 heteroaryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,  
 $C_{1-10}$  alkylheteroarylenyl,  
 heterocyclyl,  
 heterocyclyl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl, and  
 $C_{1-10}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-10}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-10}$  alkynyl, aryl, aryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,  
 aryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,  $C_{1-10}$  alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl,  
 heteroaryl- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl, heteroaryloxy- $C_{1-10}$  alkylenyl,



C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, heterocyclyl, and heterocyclyl-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylenyl substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, hydroxy-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, halo-C<sub>1-10</sub> alkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, cyano, aryl, aryloxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heterocyclyl, amino, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylamino, di(C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl)amino, and in the case of C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-10</sub> alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo; wherein heteroaryl, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl are attached to Z through a carbon atom;

R<sub>A</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

halogen,  
hydroxy,  
alkyl,  
alkenyl,  
haloalkyl,  
alkoxy,  
alkylthio, and  
-N(R<sub>9</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

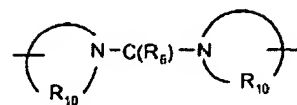
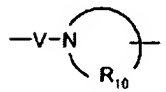
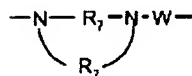
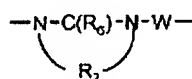
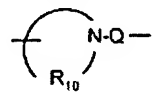
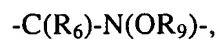
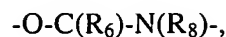
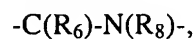
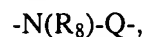
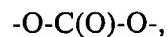
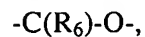
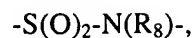
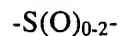
n is 0 to 4;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of

-R<sub>4</sub>,  
-X-R<sub>4</sub>,  
-X-Y-R<sub>4</sub>, and  
-X-R<sub>5</sub>;

X is selected from the group consisting of alkylene, alkenylene, alkynylene, arylene, heteroarylene, and heterocyclylene wherein the alkylene, alkenylene, and alkynylene groups can be optionally interrupted or terminated with arylene, heteroarylene, or heterocyclylene, and optionally interrupted by one or more -O- groups;

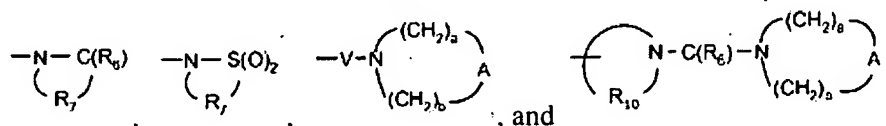
Y is selected from the group consisting of:



$\text{R}_4$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl wherein the alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, arylalkylenyl, aryloxyalkylenyl, alkylarylenyl, heteroaryl, heteroarylalkylenyl, heteroaryloxyalkylenyl, alkylheteroarylenyl, and heterocyclyl groups can be unsubstituted or substituted by one or more substituents independently selected from the group consisting of alkyl, alkoxy, hydroxyalkyl, haloalkyl, haloalkoxy, halogen, nitro, hydroxy, mercapto, cyano, aryl,

aryloxy, arylalkyleneoxy, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylalkyleneoxy, heterocyclyl, amino, alkylamino, dialkylamino, (dialkylamino)alkyleneoxy, and in the case of alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, and heterocyclyl, oxo;

$R_5$  is selected from the group consisting of:



$R_6$  is selected from the group consisting of =O and =S;

$R_7$  is  $C_{2-7}$  alkylene;

$R_8$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxyalkylenyl, and arylalkylenyl;

$R_9$  is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and alkyl;

$R_{10}$  is  $C_{3-8}$  alkylene;

A is selected from the group consisting of -O-, -C(O)-, -S(O)<sub>0-2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, and -N(R<sub>4</sub>)-;

Q is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-W-, -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-N(R<sub>8</sub>)-, -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-O-, and -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-N(OR<sub>9</sub>)-;

V is selected from the group consisting of -C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -O-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, -N(R<sub>8</sub>)-C(R<sub>6</sub>)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-;

W is selected from the group consisting of a bond, -C(O)-, and -S(O)<sub>2</sub>-; and

a and b are independently integers from 1 to 6 with the proviso that  $a + b \leq 7$ ; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

9-11. (Canceled)

12. (Previously Presented) The compound or salt of claim 4 wherein n is 0.

13-14. (Canceled)

15. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 2 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkylenyl, or alkoxyalkylenyl.
16. **(Original)** The compound or salt of claim 15 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, hydroxymethyl, 2-methoxyethyl, or ethoxymethyl.
17. **(Canceled)**
18. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 2 wherein Z is  $-S(O)_2-$ .
19. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 2 wherein Z is  $-S(O)-$ .
20. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 2 wherein Z is  $-S-$ .
21. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 2 wherein  $R_1$  is linear or branched  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl, or 5 to 10 membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms, wherein the alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents.
22. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 21 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl, ethyl, 1-propyl, 2-propyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, phenyl, -4-chlorophenyl, or 4-fluorophenyl.
23. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 2 wherein  $X_{1-1}$  and  $X_{1-2}$  are independently selected from  $C_{2-7}$  alkylene groups.
24. **(Original)** The compound or salt of claim 23 wherein  $X_{1-1}$  is  $-(CH_2)_{2-4}-$ ,  $-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2-$ , or  $-CH_2-cyclic(CH_2)_{3-6}-$ .

25. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 24 wherein  $X_{1,2}$  is  $-(CH_2)_2-$  or  $-(CH_2)_3-$ .
26. **(Previously presented)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 2 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
27. **(Previously presented)** A method of inducing cytokine biosynthesis in an animal comprising administering an effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 2 to the animal.
- 28-40. **(Canceled)**.
41. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 4 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkylenyl, or alkoxyalkylenyl.
42. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 41 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, hydroxymethyl, 2-methoxyethyl, or ethoxymethyl.
43. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 4 wherein  $Z$  is  $-S(O)_2-$ .
44. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 4 wherein  $R_1$  is linear or branched  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl, or 5 to 10 membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms, wherein the alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents.
45. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 44 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl, ethyl, 1-propyl, 2-propyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, or 4-fluorophenyl.

46. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 4 wherein  $X_{1-1}$  and  $X_{1-2}$  are independently selected from  $C_{2-7}$  alkylene groups.
47. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 46 wherein  $X_{1-1}$  is  $-(CH_2)_{2-4}-$ ,  $-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2-$ , or  $-CH_2-cyclic(CH_2)_{3-6}-$ .
48. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 47 wherein  $X_{1-2}$  is  $-(CH_2)_2-$  or  $-(CH_2)_3-$ .
49. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 7 wherein  $n$  is 0.
50. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 7 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkylenyl, or alkoxyalkylenyl.
51. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 50 wherein  $R_2$  is hydrogen, methyl, ethyl, propyl, butyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, hydroxymethyl, 2-methoxyethyl, or ethoxymethyl.
52. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 7 wherein  $Z$  is  $-S(O)_2-$ .
53. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 7 wherein  $R_1$  is linear or branched  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, aryl, or 5 to 10 membered heteroaryl containing one or two heteroatoms, wherein the alkyl, aryl, or heteroaryl group may be unsubstituted or substituted with one or more substituents.
54. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 53 wherein  $R_1$  is methyl, ethyl, 1-propyl, 2-propyl, 2-methylpropyl, 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropyl, phenyl, 4-chlorophenyl, or 4-fluorophenyl.

55. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 7 wherein  $X_{1-1}$  and  $X_{1-2}$  are independently selected from  $C_{2-7}$  alkylene groups.

56. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 55 wherein  $X_{1-1}$  is  $-(CH_2)_{2-4}-$ ,  $-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2-$ , or  $-CH_2-cyclic(CH_2)_{3-6}-$ .

57. **(Previously presented)** The compound or salt of claim 56 wherein  $X_{1-2}$  is  $-(CH_2)_2-$  or  $-(CH_2)_3-$ .

58-65. **(Canceled)**

66. **(Previously presented)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 4 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

67. **(Previously presented)** A method of inducing cytokine biosynthesis in an animal comprising administering an effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 4 to the animal.

68. **(Previously presented)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 7 in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

69. **(Previously presented)** A method of inducing cytokine biosynthesis in an animal comprising administering an effective amount of a compound or salt of claim 7 to the animal.

70-71. **(Canceled)**